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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/887,781	06/22/2001	Carol Ann	END920000180US1	8707
91085	7590	06/28/2010	EXAMINER	
Ojanen Law Offices 2665 Riverside Lane NE Rochester, MN 55906-3456			NGUYEN, TAN D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3689	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	
			06/28/2010	DELIVERY MODE
				ELECTRONIC

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b>	<b>Applicant(s)</b>	
	09/887,781	ANN ET AL.	
	<b>Examiner</b>	<b>Art Unit</b>	
	Tan Dean D. Nguyen	3689	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

#### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 March 2010.
- 2a) This action is **FINAL**.                    2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1,2,4,6,9,10,13-23,26,27,29 and 30 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1,2,4,6,9,10,13-23,26,27,29 and 30 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) All    b) Some \* c) None of:  
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.  
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

#### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)          | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)           |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ .                                    |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)          | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.   | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ .                        |

## **DETAILED ACTION**

### ***Response to Amendment***

1. The amendment of 3/30/2010 has been entered.

### ***II. Claim Status***

2. Claims 1-2, 4, 6, 9-10, 13-23, 26-27, and 29-30 are pending.
3. Claim 3, 5, 7-8, 11-12, 20, 24-25 and 28 have been canceled.
4. The pending claims comprise 3 groups:
  - 1) system<sup>1</sup>: 1-2, 4, 6, 18-19, 21-23, 26-27 and 29,
  - 2) method: 9-10, 13-17, and
  - 3) system<sup>2</sup>: 30.

As of 3/30/10, Claim 1 is as followed:

1. (Currently Amended) A computer system to model a business enterprise and its information technology, comprising:
  - a) at least one computer processing unit;
  - b) at least one memory connected to at least one computer processing unit;
  - c) an integrated enterprise component comprising a business component as a digital representation of a business enterprise, the business component integrated and operationally linked with an information technology component, as a digital representation of an information technology infrastructure of the business enterprise, the components stored in at least one computer memory and ~~accessible by executable~~ in at least one computer processing unit;

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c<sub>1</sub>) the business component further comprising a plurality of business section components operationally integrated ~~providing one or more relationships with at least~~ one other business section component;

d) the information technology component further comprising:

d<sub>1</sub>) at least one application software component processing to process at least business information data from the business component, and

d<sub>2</sub>) a plurality of information technology section components operationally integrated providing with at least one other information technology section component;

e) a guiding component user interface operatively coupled to the integrated enterprise component and configured to access and change one or more of the section components;

f) an assessment component operatively coupled to the guiding component and configured to assess how a change an impact on in one section component effects the relationships with operations of others of the section components resulting from changes in one section component; and

g) an impact assessment work product generator component operatively coupled to the assessment component and configured to receive an assessment of the impact and generate a work product ~~that outputs the results of the assessment component.~~

Note: In examination of the apparatus claim, the claims must be structurally distinguishable from the prior art. While features of an apparatus claim may be recited either structurally or functionally, claims directed to an apparatus must be distinguished from the prior art in terms of structure rather than function. See (1) MPEP 2114. (2) *In re Schreiber*, 128 F.3d 1473, 1477-78, 44 USPQ2d 1429, 1431-32 (Fed. Cir. 1997). Apparatus claims cover what a device is, not what a device does, i.e. "device which acts or performs ...". (3) *Hewlett-Packard Co. vs. Bausch & Lomb Inc.* (Fed. Circ. 1990). Manner of operating the device or elements of the device, i.e. recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed/used, does not differentiate apparatus from the prior art apparatus. (4) *Ex parte Masham*, 2 USPQ2d 1647 (BPAI, 1987).

**5. Claims 1-2, 4, 6, 18-19, 21-23, 26-27, 29 (system), 9-10, 13-17 (method), and 30 (system) are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over MYRICK ET AL in view of HUANG et al (US 6,151,582).**

As for independent claim 1 and 9, MYRICK ET AL discloses a computer system to model a business enterprise and its information technology, comprising:

- a) at least one computer processing unit;
- b) at least one memory connected to at least one computer processing unit;
- c) an integrated enterprise component comprising a business component as a digital representation of a business enterprise, the business component integrated and operationally linked with an information technology component, as a digital

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representation of an information technology infrastructure of the business enterprise,  
the components stored in at least one computer memory and ~~accessible by~~ executable  
in at least one computer processing unit;

c<sub>1</sub>) the business component further comprising a plurality of business section  
components operationally integrated ~~providing one or more relationships with~~ at least  
one other business section component;

d) the information technology component further comprising:

d<sub>1</sub>) at least one application software component processing to process at  
least business information data from the business component, and

d<sub>2</sub>) a plurality of information technology section components operationally  
integrated providing ~~one or more relationships with~~ at least one other information  
technology section component;

e) a guiding component user interface to access and change one or more of the  
section components;

f) an assessment component, and

g) an impact assessment work product.

See Figs. 1, 2, 11, 20, 2127, 29, 30, 31A, 31B, 32, 35, 38A, 39, 42A and 42B,  
especially 43 and 44A-44B, see abstract “impacts”, cols. 1-2, “assessing an enterprise

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architecture”, “model”, cols. 3-4 “current state to a new way of conducting business”, and 9 “workflow scenarios”, col. 10, lines 5-65.

MYRICK ET AL fairly teaches the claimed invention except for further details on elements (e) and (f) and (g).

In a similar computer system to model a business enterprise and its business application, HUANG ET AL fairly teaches a decision support system for modeling business trend, business scenarios and determining impacts of the scenarios, comprising:

- e) a guiding component user interface to access and change one or more of the section components;
- f) an assessment component to assess how a change in one section component effects the relationships with others of the section components; and
- g) an impact assessment work product generated by unit generator component to generate a work product that outputs the results of the assessment component.

Note: independent claim 1 is (appears to be) an apparatus claim. In examination of the apparatus claim, the claims must be structurally distinguishable from the prior art. While features of an apparatus claim may be recited either structurally or functionally, claims directed to an apparatus must be distinguished from the prior art in terms of structure rather than function. See (1) MPEP 2114. (2) *In re Schreiber*, 128 F.3d 1473, 1477-78, 44 USPQ2d 1429, 1431-32 (Fed. Cir. 1997). Apparatus claims cover what a

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device is, not what a device does, i.e. "device which acts or performs ...". (3) *Hewlett-Packard Co. vs. Bausch & Lomb Inc.* (Fed. Circ. 1990). Manner of operating the device or elements of the device, i.e. recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed/used, does not differentiate apparatus from the prior art apparatus. (4) *Ex parte Masham*, 2 USPQ2d 1647 (BPAI, 1987).

As for independent system claim 1, similarly, HUANG et al discloses an enterprise system for modeling the operation of a business enterprise and determining the impact how a change in one section component effects the entire (whole) business system or the relationships with others of the sections components, the system comprising:

A computer system to model a business enterprise and its information technology, comprising:

- a) at least one computer processing unit;
- b) at least one memory connected to at least one computer processing unit;
- c) an integrated enterprise component representing the business enterprise and comprising a business component integrated and operationally linked with a business sub component, the components stored in at least one computer memory and accessible by at least one computer processing unit;
- d) the business component further comprising a plurality of business section operationally integrated providing one or more relationships with at least one other business section component;

d) the business sub component further comprising at least one application software component processing at least business information data from the business component, and a plurality of business section sub components operationally integrated providing one or more relationships with at least one other business sub-section component;

e) a guiding component accessible to a user for guiding the user to access and change one or more of the section components;

f) an assessment tool component that determines how a change in one section component effects the relationships with others of the section components; and

g) an impact assessment work product generated by at least one computer processing unit that outputs the results of the assessment component.

{see Figs. 1, 2, 4, 34, 35, 37, especially **41**, and cols. 1-2, 91-92, “...*dynamically monitors the impact of the user’s decisions on the performance of the entire supply chain by using supply chain simulation*”, cols. 106-107 and 111-112.}

HUANG et al fairly teaches the claimed invention except for the difference in the business sub-component, i.e. an information technology (IT) component (architecture).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art (herein after as “PHOSITA”) at the time of the invention was made to modify the type of sub-business component system and method of HUANG et al to (IT) component as taught by MYRICK ET AL, as mere using other well known sub-business component

that current have the same issues that requires an answer as taught in HUANG et al for determining impacts/effects of various business scenarios or decisions as a whole both currently and into the near future that support managers in making decisions {see col. 1, lines 35-42, Figs. 65-67}, since so doing could be performed readily and easily by any person of ordinary skill in the art, with neither undue experimentation, nor risk of unexpected results.

6. Following KSR, the Supreme Court issued several rationales for supporting a conclusion that a claim would have been obvious. If a particular known technique was recognized as part of the ordinary capabilities of one skilled in the art, and one of ordinary skill in the art would have been capable of applying this known technique to a known device (method, or product) and the results would have been predictable to one of ordinary skill in the art; then the claim will be deemed obvious in view of the prior art.

As for dep. claims 2, 4 (part of 9 above) which deal with an element/item for accessing the data for changing/modifying business element, this is taught in HUANG et al /AAPA as shown in HUANG et al Figs. . 1, 2, 4, 34, 35, 37, especially **41**, and cols. 1-2, 91-92, “...*dynamically monitors the impact of the user's decisions on the performance of the entire supply chain by using supply chain simulation*”, cols. 106-107 and 111-112.}

As for dep. claims 6, 18-23, 26-27, 29, which deal with architecture (organization structures) parameters for the business enterprise and the information technology, these are fairly taught in Figs. 1, 2 of MYRICK ET AL and HUANG et al Figs. 2, -4, 7, 9.

34-35, 41 and cols. 1-2 and 91-92. Moreover, these terms or structures appear to be non-functional in a data processing system.

**As for independent claims 9 and system claim 30,** which appear to be the method claim and system claim to carry out the independent article claim 1 above, they are rejected over the article/computer program product claim of HUANG et al / as shown on Figs. 1-2, and 41 of HUANG et al. .

As for dep. claims 10 and 13-17 (part of 9 above), which appear to have the same limitations as in dep. claims 2, 4, 6, 18-23 and 26 (part of 1 above), they are rejected for the same reasons set forth above.

### ***Response to Arguments***

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to the previous rejections on 3/30/2010 have been considered but are not persuasive for the following reasons:

8. 1) Applicant's major arguments that MYRICK ET AL lacks an computer processing system or not a computer-implemented in view of claim 1 of MYRICK ET AL on col. 38 which discusses the use of a computer. As for the argument of assessment of changes and its impact, these are taught in cols. 1, and 37 of MYRICK ET AL.

9. 2) Applicant's major arguments that HUANG ET AL does not teach the impact of changes on a computer system, these are not found persuasive in view of the teachings in HUANG ET AL as shown in Figs. . 1, 2, 4, 34, 35, 37, especially **41**, and cols. 1-2, 91-92, “*...dynamically monitors the impact of the user's decisions on the performance of*

***the entire supply chain by using supply chain simulation***", cols. 106-107 and 111-112.} .

3) In response to applicant's argument that HUANG ET AL is nonanalogous art, it has been held that a prior art reference must either be in the field of applicant's endeavor or, if not, then be reasonably pertinent to the particular problem with which the applicant was concerned, in order to be relied upon as a basis for rejection of the claimed invention. See *In re Oetiker*, 977 F.2d 1443, 24 USPQ2d 1443 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, the specific business application in HUANG ET AL, supply chain management, is not essential to the scope of the claim which is modeling business decision and determining impacts as shown in cols. 1-2 and Figs. 7 and the use of teachings of HUANG ET AL for other business issue such as IT components as taught in MYRICK ET AL is within the skill of the artisan.

***Conclusion***

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

No claims are allowed.

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11. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see [http://pair-direct@uspto.gov](mailto:pair-direct@uspto.gov). Should you have any questions on access to the private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll free).

For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://portal.uspto.gov/external/portal/pair>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at **866.217.9197** (toll-free).

1. Any response to this action should be mailed to:

*Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks*  
**Washington, D.C. 20231**  
or faxed to **571-273-8300**.

Hand delivered responses should be brought to the  
**US Patent and Trademark Office Customer Service Window:**  
Randolph Building  
401 Dulany Street  
Alexandria, VA 22314.

2. In receiving an Office Action, it becomes apparent that certain documents are missing, e. g. copies of references, Forms PTO 1449, PTO-892, etc., requests for copies should be directed to Tech Center 3600 Customer Service at (571) 272-3600, or e-mail [CustomerService3600@uspto.gov](mailto:CustomerService3600@uspto.gov).

3. Any inquiry concerning the merits of the examination of the application should be directed to Dean Tan Nguyen at telephone number (571) 272-6806. My work schedule is normally Monday through Friday from 6:30 am - 4:00 pm. I am scheduled to be off every other Friday. Should I be unavailable during my normal working hours, my supervisor Janice Mooneyham can be reached at (571) 272-6805. The main FAX phone numbers for formal communications concerning this application are **(571) 273-8300**. My personal Fax is (571) 273-6806. Informal communications may be made, following a telephone call to the examiner, by an informal FAX number to be given.

/Tan Dean D. Nguyen/  
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3689